## General Relativity Exam Problem 2

Nate Stemen (he/they)
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AMATH 875

## Problem Statement

Prove $\mathrm{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R})$ is a smooth manifold, and compute $T_{\mathbb{I}}(\mathrm{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R}))$ using the geometric definition of the tangent space.

## Is $\mathrm{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R})$ a manifold?

## Definition

$\mathrm{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R})$ is defined to be the group of all real invertible matrices.

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\mathrm{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R}) \stackrel{\text { def }}{=}\left\{A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \mid \operatorname{det}(A) \neq 0\right\}
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- $\operatorname{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R})=\operatorname{det}^{-1}(\mathbb{R} \backslash\{0\})$
- Thus $\mathrm{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R})$ is an open subset of a smooth manifold


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- Thus $T_{\mathbb{1}}(\mathrm{GL}(n ; \mathbb{R}))=\mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$

